WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2024 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 5024

By Delegate Criss

[Introduced January 23, 2024; Referred to the Committee

on Finance]

A BILL to amend and reenact §11-21-3, §11-21-4g, §11-21-18, §11-21-30, §11-21-40, §11-21-51,
 and §11-21-71a of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and
 reenact §44D-1-108 of said code; all relating to the personal income tax by exempting non granter trusts administered in this state from the personal income tax.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

	ARTICLE	21.		PERSONAL		INCOME		TAX.
	§11-21-3.	Imposition	of	tax;	persons	subject	to	tax.
1	(a) Im	position of tax. —	A tax de	termined i	n accordance wi	th the rates her	einafter s	set forth
2	in this article	is hereby imposed	for each	i taxable ye	ear on the West V	√irginia taxable	income	ofevery
3	individual, es	state, electing pas	s-throug	jh entity, a	ind trust <u>, excep</u> t	t as otherwise	provided	<u>l in this</u>
4	section.							

5 (b) Partners and partnerships. — A partnership or other pass-through entity as such shall 6 not be subject to tax under this article, unless the partnership or other pass-through entity elects to 7 be subject to the tax levied under this section for a taxable year pursuant to \$11-21-3a of this code. 8 Persons carrying on business as partners or owners of a pass-through entity shall be liable for tax 9 under this article only in their separate or individual capacities, unless the partnership or other 10 pass-through entity elects to be subject to the tax levied under this section for a taxable year 11 pursuant to §11-21-3a of this code. However, partnerships and other pass-through entities are 12 subject to the tax imposed by this article to the extent they elect to pay additional West Virginia 13 income taxes owed that are attributable to final federal partnership audit adjustments under §11-14 21A-3 of this code.

(c) Associations taxable as corporations. — An association, trust, or other unincorporated
organization which is taxable as a corporation for federal income tax purposes, shall not be subject
to tax under this article.

18	(d) Exempt trusts and organizations. — A trust or other unincorporated organization which				
19	by reason of its purposes or activities is exempt from federal income tax shall be exempt from tax				
20	under this article (regardless of whether subject to federal income tax on unrelated business				
21	taxable income).				
22	<u>(e) Non-granter trusts. – A non-granter trust, meaning a trust other than a granter trust as</u>				
23	described in § 671 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as from time to time amended, that is				
24	created under the laws of the State of West Virginia or has its situs in West Virginia and is				
25	administered by any West Virginia resident individual trustee or a corporate trustee, whether a				
26	state chartered banking institution. a federally chartered banking institution, or a private trust				
27	company as defined in §31I-1-3(16), with a principal place of business and a physical presence on				
28	a regular basis in this state, shall be exempt from tax under this article.				
29	(e) (f) Cross references. — For definitions of West Virginia taxable income of:				
30	(1) Resident individual, see §11-21-11 of this code.				
31	(2) Resident estate or trust, see §11-21-18 of this code.				
32	(3) Nonresident individual, see §11-21-30 of this code.				
33	(4) Nonresident estate or trust, see §11-21-38 of this code.				
34	(f) (g) Effective date. — This section as amended in 2023 shall apply to taxable years				
35	beginning on and after January 1, 2022: Provided, That the provisions of this section, as amended				
36	during the 2024 regular legislative session shall apply to taxable years beginning on and after				
37	January 1, 2024.				
	11-21-4g Rate of tax — Taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2023.				
1	(a) Rate of tax on individuals (except married individuals filing separate returns),				
2	individuals filing joint returns, heads of households, and estates and trusts. — The tax imposed by				
3	§11-21-3 of this code on the West Virginia taxable income of every individual (except married				
4	individuals filing separate returns); every individual who is a head of a household in the				
5	determination of his or her federal income tax for the taxable year; every husband and wife who file				

6	a joint return under this article; every individual who is entitled to file his or her federal income tax				
7	return for the taxable year as a surviving spouse; and every estate and trust (except non-granter				
8	trusts, as defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code) shall be determined in accordance with the following				
9	table:				
10	If the West Virginia taxable				
11	income is:	The tax is:			
12	Not over \$10,000	2.36% of the taxable income			
13	Over \$10,000 but not over \$25,000	\$236 plus 3.15% of excess over \$10,000			
14	Over \$25,000 but not over \$40,000	\$708.50 plus 3.54% of excess over \$25,000			
15	Over \$40,000 but not over \$60,000	\$1,239.50 plus 4.72% of excess over			
16		\$40,000			
17	Over \$60,000	\$2,183.50 plus 5.12% of excess over			
18		\$60,000			
19	(b) Rate of tax on married individuals filing	separate returns. — In the case of husband and			
20	wife filing separate returns under this article for th	e taxable year, the tax imposed by §11-21-3 of			
21	this code on the West Virginia taxable income of e	each spouse shall be determined in accordance			
22	with the following table:				
23	If the West Virginia taxable				
24	income is:	The tax is:			
25	Not over \$5,000	2.36% of the taxable income			
26	Over \$5,000 but not over \$12,500	\$118 plus 3.15% of excess over \$5,000			
27	Over \$12,500 but not over \$20,000	\$354.25 plus 3.54% of excess over \$12,500			
28	Over \$20,000 but not over \$30,000	\$619.75 plus 4.72% of excess over \$20,000			
29	Over \$30,000	\$1,091.75 plus 5.12% of excess over			
30		\$30,000			
31	<u>(c) Rate of tax on non-grantor trusts. – In th</u>	e case of non-grantor trusts, as defined by §11-			

32 <u>21-3(e) of this code, there is no tax imposed by §11-21-3 of this code.</u>

(c) (d) Effect of rates on Nonresident Composite and Withholding Obligations —
Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, for taxable years beginning on and
after the retroactive date specific in §11-21-4g(d) of this code, whenever the words "six and onehalf percent" appear in §11-21-51a, §11-21-71a, §11-21-71b, or §11-21-77, of this article, with
relation to a tax return of, or the tax rate imposed on income of individuals, individuals filing joint
returns, heads of households, and estates and trusts (except non-granter trusts, as defined by
§11-21-3(e) of this code), the stated percentage shall be changed to 5.12%.

(d) Applicability of this section. — The provisions of this section shall be applicable in
determining the rates of tax imposed by this article and shall apply retroactively for all taxable
years beginning on and after January 1, 2023, and shall be in lieu of the rates of tax specified in
§11-21-4e of this code.

§11-21-18. West Virginia taxable income of resident estate or trust.

The West Virginia taxable income of a resident estate or trust (except non-granter trusts,
as defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code) means its federal taxable income for the taxable year as
defined in the laws of the United States and section nine of this article for the taxable year, with the
following modifications:

5 (1) There shall be subtracted \$600 as the West Virginia personal exemption of the estate or
6 trust, and there shall be added the amount of its federal deduction for a personal exemption.

7 (2) There shall be added or subtracted, as the case may be, the share of the estate or trust
8 in the West Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined under section nineteen of this article.

9 (3) There shall be added to federal adjusted gross income, unless already included therein, 10 the amount of a lump sum distribution for which the taxpayer has elected under Section 402(e) of 11 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to be separately taxed for federal income tax 12 purposes: *Provided*, That the provisions of this subdivision shall first be effective for taxable years 13 beginning after December 31, 1990.

(4) There shall be added by an electing small business trust as defined in Section 1361(e)
of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which is a shareholder in one or more electing
small business corporations, the portion of the trust's income attributable to electing small
business corporation stock held by the trust that is not included in the trust's federal taxable
income pursuant to Section 641 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

(b) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature
are effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005.

PART III. NONRESIDENT AND PART-YEAR RESIDENTS.

§11-21-30. Computation of tax on income of nonresidents and part-year residents.

(a) Computation of tax. -- For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1991, the tax
 due under this article on taxable income derived from sources in this state by a nonresident
 individual, estate, or trust (except non-granter trusts, as defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code) or by
 a part-year resident individual shall be calculated as provided in this section.

5 (1) Taxpayer shall first calculate tax liability under this article as if taxpayer, whether an 6 individual, estate or trust, were a resident of this state for the entire taxable year. When 7 determining tentative tax liability under this subdivision, a nonresident shall be allowed the same 8 deductions, exemptions and credits that would be allowable if taxpayer were a resident individual, 9 estate or trust, as the case may be, for the entire taxable year, except that no credit shall be 10 allowed under section twenty of this article.

11 (2) The amount of tentative tax determined under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall 12 then be multiplied by a fraction the numerator of which is the taxpayer's West Virginia source 13 income, determined in accordance with Part III of this article for the taxable year, and the 14 denominator of which is such taxpayer's "federal adjusted gross income" for the taxable year as 15 defined in section nine of this article: *Provided*, That if this computation produces a result that is 16 out of all appropriate proportion to the amount of taxpayer's West Virginia source income, the Tax 17 Commissioner may provide such equitable relief as the Tax Commissioner, in his or her discretion,

18 considers to be appropriate under the circumstances.

(b) Special rules for estates and trusts. -- For purposes of subdivision (1), subsection (a) of
this section:

(1) The "federal adjusted gross income" of an estate or trust (except non-granter trusts, as
 <u>defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code</u>) shall be determined as if such estate or trust were an
 individual; and

(2) In the case of a trust (except non-granter trusts, as defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code),
"federal adjusted gross income" shall be its "federal adjusted gross income" for the taxable year
increased by the amount of any includable gain, reduced by any deductions properly allocable
thereto, upon which the tax is imposed for the taxable year pursuant to Section 644 of the Internal
Revenue Code.

(3) When an electing small business trust as defined in Section 1361(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, is a shareholder in one or more electing small business corporations, the portion of the trust's income attributable to electing small business corporation stock held by the trust that is not included in the trust's federal taxable income pursuant to Section 641(c) of that code shall be included in West Virginia taxable income of the trust (except nongranter trusts, as defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code).

35 (c) Special rules for part-year residents. --

36 (1) For purposes of subdivision (1), subsection (a) of this section, the "federal adjusted 37 gross income" of a part-year resident individual shall be taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income 38 for the taxable year, as defined in section nine of this article, increased or decreased, as the case 39 may be, by the items accrued under subdivision (1), subsection (b), section forty-four of this article, 40 to the extent such items are not otherwise included in federal adjusted gross income for the 41 taxable year, and decreased or increased, as the case may be by the items accrued under 42 subdivision (2) of said subsection, to the extent such items are included in federal adjusted gross 43 income for the taxable year; and

44	(2) In computing the tax due as if taxpayer were a resident of this state for the entire tax			
45	year, West Virginia adjusted gross income shall include the accruals specified in subdivision (1) of			
46	this subsection, with the applicable modifications described in section forty-four of this article.			
47	(d) Definitions			
48	(1) "Nonresident estate" means an estate of a decedent who was not a resident of this			
49	state at the time of his or her death.			
50	(2) "Nonresident trust" means a trust which is not a resident trust, as defined in section			
51	seven of this article.			
52	(3) "Part-year resident individual" means an individual who is not a resident or nonresident			
53	of this state for the entire taxable year.			
54	(e) Effective date (1) The provisions of this section shall apply to taxable years			
55	beginning after December 31, 1991. As to taxable years beginning prior to that date, the provisions			
56	of this article as then in effect shall apply and be controlling, and for that purpose, prior law is fully			
57	and completely preserved.			
57 58	and completely preserved. (2) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature			
58	(2) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature			
58	(2) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature are effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005.			
58 59	(2) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature are effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005.§11-21-40. Credit for income tax of state of residence.			
58 59 1	 (2) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature are effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005. §11-21-40. Credit for income tax of state of residence. (a) General A nonresident shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under 			
58 59 1 2	 (2) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature are effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005. §11-21-40. Credit for income tax of state of residence. (a) General A nonresident shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this article for any income tax imposed for the taxable year by another state of the United States or 			
58 59 1 2 3	 (2) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature are effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005. §11-21-40. Credit for income tax of state of residence. (a) General A nonresident shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this article for any income tax imposed for the taxable year by another state of the United States or by the District of Columbia, of which the taxpayer is a resident. 			
58 59 1 2 3 4	 (2) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature are effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005. §11-21-40. Credit for income tax of state of residence. (a) General A nonresident shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this article for any income tax imposed for the taxable year by another state of the United States or by the District of Columbia, of which the taxpayer is a resident. (b) Limitation The credit under this section shall not exceed either: 			
58 59 1 2 3 4 5	 (2) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature are effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005. §11-21-40. Credit for income tax of state of residence. (a) General A nonresident shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this article for any income tax imposed for the taxable year by another state of the United States or by the District of Columbia, of which the taxpayer is a resident. (b) Limitation The credit under this section shall not exceed either: (1) The percentage of the other tax determined by dividing the portion of the taxpayer's 			
58 59 1 2 3 4 5 6	 (2) The amendments to this section enacted in the 2005 regular session of the Legislature are effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005. §11-21-40. Credit for income tax of state of residence. (a) General A nonresident shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due under this article for any income tax imposed for the taxable year by another state of the United States or by the District of Columbia, of which the taxpayer is a resident. (b) Limitation The credit under this section shall not exceed either: (1) The percentage of the other tax determined by dividing the portion of the taxpayer's West Virginia income which is also subject to the other tax by the total amount of his <u>or her</u> income 			

10 amount of the taxpayer's West Virginia income.

(c) Exceptions. -- No credit may be allowed under this section for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1987, except pursuant to a written agreement between this state and the nonresident individual's state of residence. The State Tax Commissioner is hereby authorized to enter into such agreements necessary to effectuate the purpose of this section when he <u>or she</u> determines that such agreements are in the best interest of this state and its residents.

16 (d) Definition. -- For purposes of this section West Virginia income means:

17 (1) The West Virginia adjusted gross income of an individual, or

(2) The income derived from West Virginia sources by an estate or trust (except non granter trusts, as defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code), determined in accordance with the
 applicable rules of section thirty-two as in the case of a nonresident individual.

§11-21-51. Returns and liabilities.

(a) *General.* -- On or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of a
 taxable year, an income tax return under this article shall be made and filed by or for:

(1) Every resident individual required to file a federal income tax return for the taxable year,
or having West Virginia adjusted gross income for the taxable year, determined under section
twelve of this article in excess of the sum of his or her West Virginia personal exemptions: *Provided*, That the Tax Commissioner shall by legislative rule specify circumstances when an
individual is not required to file a return as a result of the application of section ten of this article;

8 (2) Every resident estate or trust (except non-granter trusts, as defined by §11-21-3(e) of
9 this code) required to file a federal income tax return for the taxable year, or having any West
10 Virginia taxable income for the taxable year, determined under section eighteen of this article;

(3) Every nonresident individual having any West Virginia adjusted gross income for the
taxable year, determined under section thirty-two of this article, in excess of the sum of his or her
West Virginia personal exemptions, except when all of such nonresident individual's West Virginia
source income is taxed on a composite return filed under this article for the taxable year; and

15	(4) Every nonresident estate or trust having items of income or gain derived from West	
16	Virginia sources, determined in accordance with the applicable rules of section thirty-two of this	
17	article as in the case of a nonresident individual, in excess of its West Virginia exemption.	
18	(b) Husband and wife	
19	(1) If the federal income tax liability of husband or wife is determined on a separate federal	
20	income tax return, their West Virginia income tax liabilities and returns shall be separate.	
21	(2) If the federal income tax liabilities of husband and wife other than a husband and wife	
22	described in subdivision (3) of this subsection are determined on a joint federal return, or if neither	
23	files a federal return:	
24	(A) They shall file a joint West Virginia income tax return, and their tax liabilities shall be	
25	joint and several; or	
26	(B) They may elect to file separate West Virginia income tax returns on a single or separate	
27	form, as may be required by the Tax Commissioner, if they comply with the requirements of the Tax	
28	Commissioner in setting forth information, and in such event their tax liabilities shall be separate.	
29	(3) If either husband and/or wife is a resident and the other is a nonresident, they shall file	
30	separate West Virginia income tax returns on such single or separate forms as may be required by	
31	the Tax Commissioner, and in such event their tax liabilities shall be separate.	
32	(c) Decedents The return of any deceased individual shall be made and filed by his or	
33	her executor, administrator or other person charged with his or her property.	
34	(d) Individuals under a disability The return for an individual who is unable to make a	
35	return by reason of minority or other disability shall be made and filed by his or her guardian,	
36	committee, fiduciary or other person charged with the care of his or her person or property (other	
37	than a receiver in possession of only a part of his or her property), by his or her duly authorized	
38	agent.	
39	(e) Estates and trusts The return for an estate or trust (except non-granter trusts, as	

40 <u>defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code</u>) shall be made and filed by the fiduciary.

41 (f) *Joint fiduciaries*. -- If two or more fiduciaries are acting jointly, the return may be made by
42 any one of them.

(g) *Tax a debt.* -- Any tax under this article, and any increase, interest or penalty thereon,
shall, from the time it is due and payable, be a personal debt of the person liable to pay the same,
to the State of West Virginia.

(h) *Cross reference.* -- For provisions as to information returns by partnerships, employers
and other persons, see section fifty-eight of this article. For provisions as to composite returns of
nonresidents, see section fifty-one-a of this article. For provisions as to information returns by
electing small business corporations, see section thirteen-b, article twenty-four of this chapter.

50 (i) *Effective date.* -- This section, as amended by this act in the year 1996, shall apply to all
51 taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995.

§11-21-71a. Withholding tax on West Virginia source income of nonresident partners, nonresident S corporation shareholders, and nonresident beneficiaries of estates and trusts.

1 (a) General rule. — For the privilege of doing business in this state or deriving rents or 2 royalties from real or tangible personal property located in this state, including, but not limited to, natural resources in place and standing timber, a partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, which 3 4 is treated as a pass-through entity for federal income tax purposes and which has taxable income 5 for the taxable year derived from or connected with West Virginia sources any portion of which is 6 allocable to a nonresident partner, nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary, as the 7 case may be, shall pay a withholding tax under this section, except as provided in subsections (c) 8 and (k) of this section.

9 (b) Amount of withholding tax. —

(1) In general. — The amount of withholding tax payable by any partnership, S corporation,
estate or trust (except non-granter trusts, as defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code), under
subsection (a) of this section, shall be equal to four percent of the effectively connected taxable

13 income of the partnership, S corporation, estate or trust (except non-granter trusts, as defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code), as the case may be, which may lawfully be taxed by this state and which 14 15 is allocable to a nonresident partner, nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary of a trust 16 (except non-granter trusts, as defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code) or estate: Provided, That for 17 taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 2008, the amount of withholding tax payable by 18 any partnership, S corporation, estate or trust (except non-granter trusts, as defined by §11-21-19 3(e) of this code), under subsection (a) of this section, shall be equal to six and one-half percent of 20 the effectively connected taxable income of the partnership. S corporation, estate or trust (except 21 non-granter trusts, as defined by §11-21-3(e) of this code), as the case may be, which may lawfully 22 be taxed by this state and which is allocable to a nonresident partner, nonresident shareholder, or 23 nonresident beneficiary of a trust or estate.

(2) Credits against tax. — When determining the amount of withholding tax due under this
section, the pass-through entity may apply any tax credits allowable under this chapter to the
pass-through entity which pass through to the nonresident distributees: *Provided*, That in no event
may the application of any credit or credits reduce the tax liability of the distributee under this
article to less than zero.

29

(c) When withholding is not required. — Withholding may not be required:

30 (1) On distribution to a person, other than a corporation, who is exempt from the tax 31 imposed by this article. For purposes of this subdivision, a person is exempt from the tax imposed 32 by this article only if such person is, by reason of that person's purpose or activities, exempt from 33 paying federal income taxes on such person's West Virginia source income. The pass-through 34 entity may rely on the written statement of the person claiming to be exempt from the tax imposed 35 by this article provided the pass-through entity discloses the name and federal taxpayer 36 identification number for all such persons in its return for the taxable year filed under this article or 37 §11-24-1 et seq. of this code; or

38 (2) On distributions to a corporation which is exempt from the tax imposed by §11-24-1 et 39 seq. of this code. For purposes of this subdivision, a corporation is exempt from the tax imposed 40 by §11-24-1 et seq. of this code only if the corporation, by reason of its purpose or activities is 41 exempt from paying federal income taxes on the corporation's West Virginia source income. The 42 pass-through entity may rely on the written statement of the person claiming to be exempt from the 43 tax imposed by §11-24-1 et seq. of this code provided the pass-through entity discloses the name 44 and federal taxpayer identification number for all such corporations in its return for the taxable year 45 filed under this article or §11-24-1 et seq. of this code; or

46 (3) On distributions when compliance will cause undue hardship on the pass-through 47 entity: Provided, That no pass-through entity shall be exempt under this subdivision from 48 complying with the withholding requirements of this section unless the Tax Commissioner, in his or 49 her discretion, approves in writing the pass-through entity's written petition for exemption from the 50 withholding requirements of this section based on undue hardship. The Tax Commissioner may 51 prescribe the form and contents of such a petition and specify standards for when a pass-through 52 entity will not be required to comply with the withholding requirements of this section due to undue 53 hardship. Such standards shall take into account (among other relevant factors) the ability of a 54 pass-through entity to comply at reasonable cost with the withholding requirements of this section 55 and the cost to this state of collecting the tax directly from a nonresident distributee who does not 56 voluntarily file a return and pay the amount of tax due under this article with respect to such 57 distributions; or

(4) On distributions by nonpartnership ventures. An unincorporated organization that has elected, under Section 761 of the Internal Revenue Code, to not be treated as a partnership for federal income tax is not treated as a partnership under this article and is not required to withhold under this section. However, such unincorporated organizations shall make and file with the Tax Commissioner a true and accurate return of information under §11-21-58(c) of this code, under such rules and in such form and manner as the Tax Commissioner may prescribe, setting forth: (A)

The amount of fixed or determinable gains, profits, and income; and (B) the name, address and taxpayer identification number of persons receiving fixed or determinable gains, profits or income from the nonpartnership venture.

(5) Publicly traded partnerships. — A publicly traded partnership, as defined in §11-21A-1
of this code, that is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, is
exempt from the withholding requirements of §11-21-71a of this code, if the following information is
provided to the Tax Commissioner: The name, address, taxpayer identification number, and West
Virginia source income of each partner that had an interest in the publicly traded partnership
during the taxable year. This information shall be provided in an electronic format approved by the
Tax Commissioner.

74 (d) Payment of withheld tax. —

(1) General rule. — Each partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, required to withhold
tax under this section, shall pay the amount required to be withheld to the Tax Commissioner no
later than:

(A) S corporations. — The 15th day of the third month following the close of the taxable
year of the S corporation along with the annual information return due under §11-24-1 *et seq*. of
this code, unless paragraph (C) of this subdivision applies.

(B) Partnerships, estates, and trusts. — The 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the taxable year of the partnership, estate or trust, with the annual return of the partnership, estate or trust due under this article, unless paragraph (C) of this subdivision applies: *Provided*, That for tax years beginning after December 31, 2015, partnerships shall pay the amount required to be withheld to the Tax Commissioner, along with the annual return of the partnership due under this article, on the 15th day of the third month following the close of the taxable year of the partnership, unless paragraph (C) of this subdivision applies.

(C) Composite returns. — The 15th day of the fourth month of the taxable year with the
 composite return filed under §11-21-51a of this code: *Provided*, That for tax years beginning after

December 31, 2015, partnerships or partners in a partnership filing composite returns under §1121-51a of this code shall pay the amount required to be withheld to the Tax Commissioner, along
with the annual return due under this article, on the 15th day of the third month following the close
of the taxable year.

94 (2) Special rules. —

95 (A) Where there is extension of time to file return. — An extension of time for filing the 96 returns referenced in subdivision (1) of this subsection does not extend the time for paying the 97 amount of withholding tax due under this section. In this situation, the pass-through entity shall 98 pay, by the date specified in subdivision (1) of this subsection, at least 90 percent of the 99 withholding tax due for the taxable year, or 100 percent of the tax paid under this section for the 100 prior taxable year, if such taxable year was a taxable year of 12 months and tax was paid under 101 this section for that taxable year. The remaining portion of the tax due under this section, if any, 102 shall be paid at the time the pass-through entity files the return specified in subdivision (1) of this 103 subsection. If the balance due is paid by the last day of the extension period for filing the return and 104 the amount of tax due with such return is 10 percent or less of the tax due under this section for the 105 taxable year, no additions to tax may be imposed under §11-10-1 et seq. of this code with respect 106 to balance so remitted. If the amount of withholding tax due under this section for the taxable year 107 is less than the estimated withholding taxes paid for the taxable year by the pass-through entity, 108 the excess shall be refunded to the pass-through entity or, at its election, established as a credit 109 against withholding tax due under this section for the then current taxable year.

(B) Deposit in trust for Tax Commissioner. — The Tax Commissioner may, if the commissioner believes such action is necessary for the protection of trust fund moneys due this state, require any pass-through entity to pay over to the Tax Commissioner the tax deducted and withheld under this section, at any earlier time or times.

(e) Effectively connected taxable income. — For purposes of this section, the term
"effectively connected taxable income" means the taxable income or portion thereof of a

partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, as the case may be, which is derived from or attributable to West Virginia sources as determined under §11-21-32 of this code and such rules as the Tax Commissioner may prescribe, whether the amount is actually distributed or is determined to have been distributed for federal income tax purposes.

(f) Treatment of nonresident partners, S corporation shareholders, or beneficiaries of a
trust or estate. —

(1) Allowance of credit. — Each nonresident partner, nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary shall be allowed a credit for such partner's or shareholder's or beneficiary's share of the tax withheld by the partnership, S corporation, estate or trust under this section: *Provided*, That when the distribution is to a corporation taxable under §11-24-1 *et seq*. of this code, the credit allowed by this section shall be applied against the distributee corporation's liability for tax under §11-24-1 *et seq*. of this code.

(2) Credit treated as distributed to partner, shareholder, or beneficiary. — Except as provided in rules, a nonresident partner's share, a nonresident shareholder's share, or a nonresident beneficiary's share of any withholding tax paid by the partnership, S corporation, estate or trust under this section shall be treated as distributed to the partner by the partnership, or to the shareholder by the S corporation, or to the beneficiary by the estate or trust on the earlier of:

(A) The day on which the tax was paid to the Tax Commissioner by the partnership, Scorporation, estate, or trust; or

(B) The last day of the taxable year for which the tax was paid by the partnership, Scorporation, estate, or trust.

(g) Regulations. — The Tax Commissioner shall prescribe such rules as may be necessary
to carry out the purposes of this section.

139 (h) Information statement. —

(1) Every person required to deduct and withhold tax under this section shall furnish to
each nonresident partner, or nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary, as the case may

be, a written statement, as prescribed by the Tax Commissioner, showing the amount of West Virginia effectively connected taxable income, whether distributed or not distributed for federal income tax purposes by such partnership, S corporation, estate or trust, to the nonresident partner, or nonresident shareholder, or nonresident beneficiary, the amount deducted and withheld as tax under this section; and such other information as the Tax Commissioner may require.

(2) A copy of the information statements required by this subsection shall be filed with the West Virginia return filed under this article (or §11-24-1 *et seq.* of this code for S corporations) by the pass-through entity for its taxable year to which the distribution relates. This information statement shall be furnished to each nonresident distributee on or before the due date of the passthrough entity's return under this article or §11-24-1 *et seq.* of this code for the taxable year, including extensions of time for filing such return, or such later date as may be allowed by the Tax Commissioner.

155 (i) Liability for withheld tax. — Every person required to deduct and withhold tax under this 156 section is hereby made liable for the payment of the tax due under this section for taxable years (of 157 such persons) beginning after December 31, 1991, except as otherwise provided in this section. 158 The amount of tax required to be withheld and paid over to the Tax Commissioner shall be 159 considered the tax of the partnership, estate, or trust, as the case may be, for purposes of §11-9-1 160 et seg. and §11-10-1 et seg. of this code. Any amount of tax withheld under this section shall be 161 held in trust for the Tax Commissioner. No partner, S corporation shareholder, or beneficiary of a 162 trust or estate, may have a right of action against the partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, in 163 respect to any moneys withheld from the person's distributive share and paid over to the Tax 164 Commissioner in compliance with or in intended compliance with this section.

(j) Failure to withhold. — If any partnership, S corporation, estate or trust fails to deduct and
withhold tax as required by this section and thereafter the tax against which the tax may be
credited is paid, the tax so required to be deducted and withheld under this section may not be

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168 collected from the partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust, as the case may be, but the 169 partnership, S corporation, estate, or trust may not be relieved from liability for any penalties or 170 interest on additions to tax otherwise applicable in respect of the failure to withhold.

171 (k) Distributee agreements. —

172 (1) The Tax Commissioner shall permit a nonresident distribute to file with a pass-through 173 entity, on a form prescribed by the Tax Commissioner, the agreement of the nonresident 174 distributee: (A) To timely file returns and make timely payment of all taxes imposed by this article or 175 §11-24-1 et seq. of this code in the case of a C corporation, on the distributee with respect to the 176 effectively connected taxable income of the pass-through entity; and (B) to be subject to personal 177 jurisdiction in this state for purposes of the collection of any unpaid income tax under this article (or 178 \$11-24-1 et seq. of this code in the case of a C corporation), together with related interest, 179 penalties, additional amounts and additions to tax, owed by the nonresident distributee.

(2) A nonresident distributee electing to execute an agreement under this subsection shall file a complete and properly executed agreement with each pass-through entity for which this election is made, on or before the last day of the first taxable year of the pass-through entity in respect of which the agreement applies. The pass-through entity shall file a copy of that agreement with the Tax Commissioner as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection.

(3) After an agreement is filed with the pass-through entity, that agreement may be revoked
by a distributee only in accordance with rules promulgated by the Tax Commissioner.

(4) Upon receipt of such an agreement properly executed by the nonresident distributee, the pass-through entity may not withhold tax under this section for the taxable year of the passthrough entity in which the agreement is received by the pass-through entity and for any taxable year subsequent thereto until either the nonresident distributee notifies the pass-through entity, in writing, to begin withholding tax under this section or the Tax Commissioner directs the passthrough entity, in writing, to begin withholding tax under this section because of the distributee' s continuing failure to comply with the terms of the agreement.

194 (5) The pass-through entity shall file with the Tax Commissioner a copy of all distributee 195 agreements received by the pass-through entity during any taxable year with this annual 196 information return filed under this article, or §11-24-1 et seq. of this code if S corporations. If the 197 pass-through entity fails to timely file with the Tax Commissioner a copy of an agreement executed 198 by a distributee and furnished to the pass-through entity in accordance with this section, then the 199 pass-through entity shall remit to the Tax Commissioner an amount equal to the amount that 200 should have been withheld under this section from the nonresident distributee. The pass-through 201 entity may recover payment made pursuant to the preceding sentence from the distributee on 202 whose behalf the payment was made.

203 (I) Definitions. — For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

204 (1) Corporation. — The term "corporation" includes associations, joint stock companies,
 205 and other entities which are taxed as corporations for federal income tax purposes.

206 (A) C corporation. — The term "C corporation" means a corporation which is not an S
 207 corporation for federal income tax purposes.

(B) S corporation. — The term "S corporation" means a corporation for which a valid
election under Section 1362(a) of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect for the taxable period. All
other corporations are C corporations.

(2) Distributee. — The term "distributee" includes any partner of a partnership, any
shareholder of an S corporation and any beneficiary of an estate or trust that is treated as a passthrough entity for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year of the entity, with respect to all
or a portion of its income.

(3) Internal Revenue Code. — The term "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, through the date specified in §11-21-9 of this code.

(4) Nonresident distributee. — The term "nonresident distributee" includes any individual
who is treated as a nonresident of this state under this article; and any partnership, estate, trust, or
corporation whose commercial domicile is located outside this state.

(5) Partner. — The term "partner" includes a member of a partnership as that term is
 defined in this section, and an equity owner of any other pass-through entity.

(6) Partnership. — The term "partnership" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture,
or other unincorporated organization through or by means of which any business, financial
operation, or venture is carried on and which is not a trust or estate, a corporation or a sole
proprietorship. "Partnership" does not include an unincorporated organization which, under
Section 761 of the Internal Revenue Code, is not treated as a partnership for the taxable year for
federal income tax purposes.

(7) "Pass-through entity" means any partnership or other business entity, that is not subject
to tax under §11-24-1 *et seq*. of this code, imposing tax on C corporations or other entities taxable
as a C corporation for federal income tax purposes.

(8) Taxable period. — The term "taxable period" means, if an S corporation, any taxable
year or portion of a taxable year during which a corporation is an S corporation.

(9) Taxable year of the pass-through entity. — The term "taxable year of the pass-through
entity" means the taxable year of the pass-through entity for federal income tax purposes. If a
pass-through entity does not have a taxable year for federal tax purposes, its tax year for purposes
of this article shall be the calendar year.

(m) Effective date. — The provisions of this section shall first apply to taxable years of
 pass-through entities beginning after December 31, 1991.

(n) This section as amended in the year 2019 shall apply, without regard to the taxable
year, to taxes owed attributable to federal determinations that become final on or after the effective
date of this section enacted in the year 2019.

CHAPTER 44D. UNIFORM TRUST CODE.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

§44D-1-108. Principal place of administration.

(a) Without precluding other means for establishing a sufficient connection with the
 designated jurisdiction, terms of a trust designating the principal place of administration are valid
 and controlling if:

4 (1) A trustee's principal place of business is located in, the trust has situs in, or a trustee is
5 a resident of the designated jurisdiction;

6 (2) A trust director's principal place of business is located in, or a trust director is a resident
7 of the designated jurisdiction; or

8 (3) All or part of the administration occurs in the designated jurisdiction.

9 (b) Without precluding the right of the court to order, approve, or disapprove a transfer, the 10 trustee may transfer the trust's principal place of administration to another state or to a jurisdiction 11 outside of the United States that is appropriate to the trust's purposes, its administration, and the 12 interests of the beneficiaries.

13 (c) When the proposed transfer of a trust's principal place of administration is to another 14 state or to a jurisdiction outside of the United States, the trustee shall notify the current 15 beneficiaries of a proposed transfer of a trust's principal place of administration not less than 60 16 days before initiating the transfer. A corporate trustee that maintains a place of business in West 17 Virginia where one or more trust officers are available on a regular basis for personal contact with 18 trust customers and beneficiaries has not transferred its principal place of administration merely 19 because all or a significant portion of the administration of the trust is performed outside West 20 Virginia. The notice of proposed transfer must include:

(1) The name of the jurisdiction to which the principal place of administration is to betransferred;

(2) The address and telephone number at the new location at which the trustee can becontacted;

25 (3) An explanation of the reasons for the proposed transfer;

26 (4) The date on which the proposed transfer is anticipated to occur; and

(5) The date, not less than 60 days after the giving of the notice, by which the currentbeneficiary must notify the trustee of an objection to the proposed transfer.

(d) The authority of a trustee under this section to transfer a trust's principal place of
 administration to another state or to a jurisdiction outside the United States terminates if a current

31 beneficiary notifies the trustee of an objection to the proposed transfer on or before the date

- 32 specified in the notice.
- 33 (e) In connection with a transfer of the trust's principal place of administration, the trustee

34 may transfer some or all of the trust property to a successor trustee designated in the terms of the

35 trust instrument or appointed pursuant to §44D-7-704 of this code.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill generally relates to the personal income tax by exempting non-granter trusts administered in this state from the personal income tax.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.